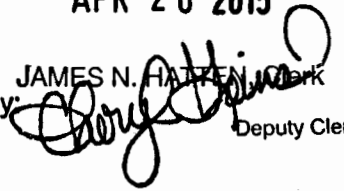


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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA
(ATLANTA DIVISION)**

APR 20 2015

By:  JAMES N. HATTEN, Clerk
Deputy Clerk

Jason Joseph Clark,
Tamah Jada Clark (both on their own
behalf and that of "Baby" Clark),

Plaintiffs

v.

DANIEL J. PORTER, et al.,

Defendants

1:14-CV-02128-WBH

Civil Action No. _____

NOTICE

To F*ck This Court and Everything that it Stands For.

As of Wednesday, April 15, 2015, I am in receipt of the Order dated 3/31/2015 wherein the despicable "Judge" Willis B. Hunt, Jr. has the audacity to attempt to dismiss this case based upon fallacious and irrelevant contentions that are without merit—of which he is absolutely aware.

Firstly, Jason is my HUSBAND, as I have stated, you a*shole. And my son is no longer an infant; he has grown into a strong, *extremely* intelligent and beautiful little boy. Don't you ever again in your mother*cking life attempt to

disrespect me, my family, or our status again. Keep our names out of your unworthy mouth—you old, **IMPOTENT** geezer.

And no, Jason did not sign the complaint—so the f*ck what? Is that *really* the best argument you can come up with—after the MANY pages I have presented to this court—as to why you cannot allow the matter to progress? Lol. What a joke you are, old man.

What about the 100+ pages of *valid* legal contentions that have been presented by Plaintiffs before this court? You don't want to delve into those—do you? You don't want the American people to know about the fraud that your B*TCH A*S is helping pull on them. Ain't that right? F*cking b*tch... You disgust me.

And you mean to tell me that a *mother* cannot bring suit on behalf of her *own* child—and no one finds that the least bit strange? THIS is what people think freedom and unalienable rights look like? God help us. Lord, help us all...

The court “takes judicial notice” of blah, blah, blah ...Yep. Whatever. That's right—I had a cocked and fully loaded AK-47 assault rifle, as well as a .45 caliber pistol. What's your point? And NO, I was never convicted of anything. But you know what? They can go right ahead and try to convict me if they want to—I don't give a d*mn. This whole system is a joke.

The United States of America have collectively and individually been politically and legally overthrown by foreign opportunists and domestic sellout b*tches like you. Mitchell County officials will get their f*cking feelings hurt if they even try me. I'm not playing with you or anybody else. F*ck you all. How about that?

Also, you genius, I NEVER stated that I am not a citizen of any nation. Don't try to twist my words. I said that my family and I are the posterity of those who conquered this land and have thus inherited it from them; and that you *citizens of the United States*, as defined by the 14th Amendment to the U.S. federal Constitution in 1868 have no rights to anything here. I said we are Floridian-Americans—but our lawful State government has been overthrown by insurgent federal citizens, (*citizens of the United States*), like you.

And now that 99.9% of Americans are ignorant as to our true history, you traitors have tricked them all into identifying themselves as federal citizens, and you, what—think this means you will get away with something? No. Absolutely not. All that the people need is a proper education, free of propaganda and lies—and I'm working on that. See Attachment A, entitled “Why Most Americans Do Not Inherently Owe Federal Income Taxes”. Let me know if you want to write the introduction to my next publication—there are many more to come.

Look here, old man, when I told you **I AM Justice**—I meant it. It took me about 1 month to study the history of the world and to learn the history and inner workings of American jurisprudence, literally. I was born to do this here. Don't you know that your FBI and CIA have been trying to recruit me since grade school? Lol. But they're unscrupulous losers like you, so it won't be happening.

Instead, I will educate the People, and hopefully one day, if we are lucky, they will rise up against you oppressive, lying traitors and hang you all for the crime you have committed against us all.

What? You think because you sit up there in that little black robe hiding behind the ignorance of the masses like a little b*tch, that ANYBODY gives a d*mn about you or what you have to say? Well, just in case you haven't noticed—I couldn't give two f*cks about you or what you have to say. F*ck you, old man. You're a joke. Your court's a joke. You take it up the a*s; and you suck nuts. Lol.

For the last time, we have not asserted any civil rights pursuant 42 U.S.C. §1983—as that particular federal code section applies specifically to federal citizens ONLY; we are not federal citizens. Answer me this, genius: if the original states were in existence before the federal government—with their own constitutional provisions for protecting their citizens' unalienable human rights—

then why would state citizens need to claim protection for those rights under the federal constitution? They don't. That makes no sense. At all.

All rights claimed under 42 U.S.C. §1983 are those of federal citizens, *exclusively*. Further, your stupid assertion regarding federal civil rights and their respective statute of limitations is flawed in this: it's not applicable and is outright stupid. In addition, a law person worth his salt would know about and respect legal principle concerning domicile, which dictates that you cannot apply the "*Williams v. City of Atlanta* 794 F. 2d 624 (11th Cir. 1986)" to us, the Plaintiffs, because the parties to that case are domiciled in the District of Columbia, being that they are federal citizens of the United States [federal government]. Our domicile is right here in Florida. You're an idiot.

You then end your f*ckery by stating that the case is dismissed "*for good cause shown, and in the absence of opposition*"; however, you have not shown any good or legally valid cause—and you know it. There is no *applicable* legal basis for your assertions, old man. All of your arguments are frivolous.

You have presented federal rights and laws to defeat unalienable human rights and laws that supersede them both. What a shameful and stupid joke you are. Also, we have properly and flawlessly opposed, rebutted, and defeated the 60+

pages of irrelevant and inapplicable contentions Defendants have attempted to levy against us. But you don't even acknowledge that, huh? What a hoe.

This court has undoubtedly been showing unprecedented favor to Defendants; had not said one word to us, the Plaintiffs, since the filing of the original complaint more than 9 months ago; and now states that there was no opposition to Defendants' motion to dismiss? What about the 100+ pages of proper rebuttals and defenses that Plaintiffs presented to the court? You've just completely disregarded them all, huh? I suppose you did same thing in Civil Action No. 1:14-CV-2703-WBH-LTW too, didn't you? You b*tch...

Don't worry, I take it all as a compliment, because I am well aware that the court has not spoken to me because it cannot defeat my legal arguments—so it runs and cowers like a panic-stricken hoe that has stolen money from her back-handing pimp. Just for the record: you *are* a hoe. This court is a hoe. And I will backhand you both, should you continue to waste my time.

Let me ask you—do you *really* think I ever believed this court would give me a fair shot? Ha! No. I'm much too intelligent for that. Just know that this entire proceeding has served the purpose for which it was intended. And you played right into it, in the *exact* way that I intended for you to, like the dumb hoe that you are...

The federal government was not created to replace the state governments by any means. It was created to tend to matters that fell without the sovereignty of any one particular state. After having been oppressed by the King of Great Britain, is that what the Founding Fathers did? They went through hell and fought the War for Independence just to relinquish their citizens to the federal government and set it up to be **more** oppressive than the King of Great Britain could have ever been? I think not.

In fact, the people were so weary of something like this happening that it is the very reason that the Federalist Papers were written—to convince the peoples of the several states that a weak and limited central REPUBLICAN government to loosely hold them together was a good idea. Looks like the people were right to be weary of a federal, oversized, oppressive central government. I mean, look at this mess...The U.S. federal government is out of control.

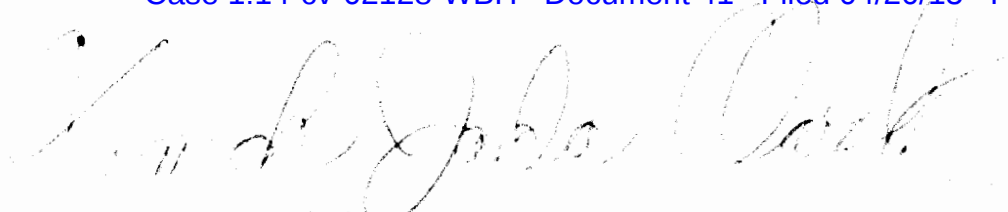
The federal government currently taxes the people *exponentially* more than the British King could have ever dreamed of doing. And people's human rights are being violated faster than you can say the phrase "Willis B. Hunt, Jr. is a b*tcha*s hoe". I mean, I am not a retard that you are going to convince that these brilliant men intended for the federal government to wield power over the several states and their people as it presently does. This is not freedom, you jacka*s. This is slavery worse than the history of the world has ever seen.

Any idiot can take a look into the history of American jurisprudence through studying congressional records, U.S. Supreme Court cases, etc.—as I have done—to realize that these United States of America have been overthrown. The American people—due to their own neglect of civic duty and responsibility to educate themselves and their children, have allowed this to happen.

I say all of this to say: Mr. Hunt, I don't give a d*mn about you or anything you have to say. You are a *castrated* coward and a disgrace to these United States of America. Fortunately for us all, you are in old age and presumably nearing the inevitable death that awaits all old impotent geezers like yourself, with a one-way ticket to hell; which is good. That's exactly where a treacherous, lying, spineless, bastard son-of-a-b*tch like you deserves to be for the rest of eternity. Burn.

Lastly, I will be posting the entirety of these court proceedings online and disseminating them amongst the general population, for the people to see this disgrace. You control nothing. You are nothing. And you can do nothing. F*ck you. Die.

For the **UNREPRESENTED** Plaintiffs,
(Signed Wednesday, April 15, 2015).



Mrs. Tamah Jada Clark
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(850) 512-6642
TamahJClark@gmail.com

FILED IN CLERK'S OFFICE
U.S.D.C. Atlanta

APR 20 2015

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA
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JAMES N. HATTEN, Clerk
By: 

Jason Joseph Clark,
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behalf and that of "Baby" Clark),

Plaintiffs

v.

DANIEL J. PORTER, et al.,

Defendants

1:14-CV-02128-WBH

Civil Action No. _____

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

FOR

Notice To F*ck This Court and Everything that it Stands For.

I, Mrs. Tamah Jada Clark for the UNREPRESENTED Plaintiffs, hereby affirm
that a true and correct copy of the above-mentioned **Plaintiffs' Notice to Fuck this
Court and Everything that it Stands For** has been served on Attorney Douglas
Suart Morelli for defendants Gwinnett County, Gwinnett County Police
Department, Charles M. Walters, Butch Conway, Tracy Goodbar, and Jane Doe #1
(Christa Kendrick); Attorney Deborah Nolan Gore (for defendants Daniel Porter,

Governor Nathan Deal, Judge Thomas Davis Jr., Attorney General Sam Olens, Secretary of State Brian Kemp, Commissioner Brian Owens, Warden Stanley Williams, D'Anna Liber, Brian Bellamy, Georgia Department of Corrections, and the State of Georgia); as well Attorney Raleigh W. Rollins (for defendants Mitchell County and Camilla Police Department) at their last known addresses (respectively):

7013 2250 0001 4473 7220

Attorney Douglas Stuart Morelli
75 Langley Drive
Lawrenceville GA 30046

7013 2250 0001 4473 7244

Attorney Deborah Nolan Gore
40 Capitol Square, SW
Atlanta, Ga 30334-1300

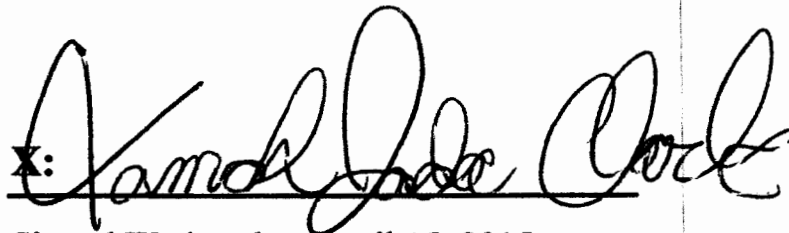
7013 2250 0001 4473 7466

Attorney Raleigh W. Rollins
Alexander & Vann, LLP
411 Gordon Avenue
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-AND-

For the **UNREPRESENTED** Plaintiffs,

Mrs. Tamah Jada Clark
Ph: (850) 512-6642
E-mail: TamahJClark@gmail.com
6901-A N. 9th Ave # 429
Pensacola, Fla 32504

X: 
Signed Wednesday, April 15, 2015

WHY MOST AMERICANS DO NOT INHERENTLY OWE FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

FRIDAY, MARCH 20, 2015

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"TO EXERCISE POWER COSTS EFFORT AND DEMANDS COURAGE. THAT IS WHY SO MANY FAIL TO ASSERT RIGHTS TO WHICH THEY ARE PERFECTLY ENTITLED—BECAUSE A RIGHT IS A KIND OF POWER BUT THEY ARE TOO LAZY OR TOO COWARDLY TO EXERCISE IT. THE VIRTUES WHICH CLOAK THESE FAULTS ARE CALLED PATIENCE AND FORBEARANCE."

(—FRIEDRICH NIETZSCHE)

DEDICATION

I dedicate this publication to federal Senior Judge Willis B. Hunt, Jr. of the United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia. It is he who has inspired me to publish this information for dissemination amongst the general public due to the fraud that U.S. Courts, under his direction and leadership, have attempted to perpetrate against me. (Dedication cont. on pg. 4)

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DEDICATION

(Continued from pg. 1)

In July of 2014, I filed federal suit—Civil Action Number 1:14-cv-02128-WBH—in the U.S.D.C. for the Northern District of Georgia, calling into question Constitutional discrepancies and violations by public officials thereof. The opposing Assistant State Attorney General of Georgia, and two additional federal attorneys—all teamed up against *just* me, with the indirect assistance of Federal Magistrate Judge Linda T. Walker—were unable to successfully rebut or defeat **any** of my legal contentions, though they certainly *tried*. This, of course, hurt their egos and greatly angered them all, as one could imagine.

Consequently, without issuing any notice of any kind containing legal justification for his actions, the presiding judge, Senior Judge Willis B. Hunt, Jr., directed the Clerk of Court to stop sending me communications from the Court, making it impossible for me to continue prevailing against the defense—all of whom were *collectively* unable to defeat me relying upon facts of law, though each of them is one to two generations in front of me and some of them have even been practicing law since before I was born. Again, hurt egos...

Senior Judge Willis B. Hunt, Jr. has unlawfully attempted to abridge my right to access U.S. federal courts in order to prevent me from exposing the fraud that has been perpetrated against millions of unsuspecting Americans concerning their human rights and freedom. (See Appendix A). He knows that if I were to win the case on record, then it would establish a legal precedence for millions of others to follow in my footsteps.

Not only has the Court violated my right to prosecute and defend in an American court, in my proper person, but it has also deceptively misclassified my suit as a civil rights case under the Civil Rights Act, codified at 42 U.S.C. § 1983—which *offends* me beyond measure, as it is an insult to my intelligence. My case was not filed as a civil rights case. (See Appendix B). I do not have any such civil rights nor do I want them. And if other Americans understood that having statutorily *granted* U.S. civil rights means not having human rights—from a legal standpoint—then they would not want them either.

Not only can I differentiate my *invaluable* human rights from that of mere U.S. civil rights, but I can also *flawlessly* assert and defend them in a court of law when given the chance. Neither Senior Judge Willis B. Hunt, Jr. nor anyone else *can* or *will* prevent me from obtaining the justice that I both demand and deserve for myself, my Family, and my Country.

Thus, it is the prevalence of corruption and injustice that has become the standard of American Jurisprudence that now compels me to take the Power out of the hands of traitorous and seditious miscreants of the “Black Robe Mafia”—by educating the general public—and put it back into the hands of the American People, where it properly belongs.

What I want in return from the American People, is her permission and cooperation for the opportunity to prosecute the owners and operators of the political plantation that has become of America, by exposing their identities and bringing them to Justice.

A WORD FROM THE AUTHOR

Allow me to begin by stating that I am not a “tax protester”, because there is *nothing* to protest. To the contrary, I have no problem outright saying that I do not pay federal income taxes. And will not *be* paying federal income taxes. *Why?* Because, *I do not owe federal income taxes*; they do not apply to me. Nor would they any longer *appear* to apply to most other Americans, if they thoroughly understood the information that I am going to present in this publication.

Note: I am not serving as legal counsel for anyone who reads my publication, nor will I accept blame for anyone choosing to misuse the information provided herein. However, I do not suggest that one wanting to learn more about this topic seek legal advice, as attorneys, too, have been mis-educated to uphold practices that are contradictory to the Organic Laws of the United States (Declaration of Independence—1776, Articles of Confederation—1777, Ordinance of 1787: The Northwest Territorial Government, U.S. Constitution—1787).

Instead, I suggest that responsible American adults take the time to educate themselves and their children in the subject areas of American history, politics, Law, and civics; and be mindful of informational resources that may be tainted by underlying motives or societal filters, as well as those that may be based upon hearsay or subjective opinions. I will not lie to you and say that the concepts in this publication are *not* difficult to understand, as they most certainly are—but well worth it.

On a scale of 1-5, this publication is rated “4: *INTERMEDIATE-ADVANCED*”; meaning it is best suited for those with an exceptionally significant understanding of American history, politics, Law, and civics. Be sure to read the footnotes to help you understand the legal substantiation for the points asserted. You will need to visit the sources provided on your own to get a feel for what it is I am communicating and the subtle, yet world-changing underlain implications attached thereto.

Please bear in mind that I have studied *countless* hours to know what I know and do what I do. Please be careful trying to imitate me, as it could be very dangerous for you. The proverbial slave drivers that run the American political plantation will not hesitate to make an example of anyone bold enough, (yet not intellectually *prepared* enough), to challenge the unlawful impropriety of their actions.

Legal Notices for U.S. Officials

Dear U.S. State and Federal Officials:

My name is Tamah Jada Clark; nice to meet you. I do not have any form of contractual or other legal impairments preventing me from the free exercise of my unalienable human rights. I was born in Pensacola, Florida and have a legal right to be in the USA, though I am not a citizen or national of the United States, as defined at 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(22).

I thank you in advance for observing the limitations placed upon U.S. persons by the Bill of Rights, as it pertains to American nationals in possession of my status.

My personal address, phone number, and e-mail are on file with the U.S. Federal Government and available through the U.S. Secretary of State, as well as the United States District Courts for the Northern and Southern Districts of Georgia.

If you have any questions or need help understanding the legality of my statements or the legal matters contained herein, please feel free to contact me using this e-mail address: me@TamahJadaClark.com. I would love to hear from you. Thank you.

Sincerely,

/s/ Tamah Jada Clark
Mrs. Tamah Jada Clark
Responsible American

P.S., If you do not understand this notice, then it is not intended for you. Mind your business.

SOURCES

All references to the United States Code and the Constitution of the United States of America—1787 are based upon the documentation provided by the U.S. Office of the Law Revision Council, established by 2 U.S.C. § 285, officially charged to develop and keep current the codification of the laws of the United States, pursuant 2 U.S.C. § 285a.

All references and quotations from U.S. Supreme Court cases must be read with special consideration for the historical context in which they were written.

The sources relied upon in this publication are as follows:

- The Official Code of the United States
- Official U.S. Supreme Court Cases
- Official Organic Laws of the United States

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CHALLENGE!

Legal scholars, historians, professors of law, state and federal judges, and whomever else would suggest that he or she is able to successfully rebut and defeat the legal contentions contained herein, relying solely upon facts of law, are hereby challenged to try to do so.

[*LEGAL CONTENTIONS BEGIN ON PAGE 8***]**

INTRODUCTION: THE ORGANIC CONSTITUTION

The United States Federal Constitution of 1787 is the founding charter of the U.S. Federal Government. It is a legal grant of authority by the American peoples of the independent and sovereign American Republics (the several states)¹, for the erection and operation of a common government with limited delegated authority to act in behalf of said peoples.

The *original* powers granted to the central government under the organic Constitution are delineated in Article I, Section 8, Clauses 1-18; subject to the limitations imposed thereupon by Article I, Section 9, Clauses 1-8 and the Bill of Rights (Amendments I-X).

What is meant by the term *Organic Constitution* is this: The United States Federal Government no longer operates solely according to the dictates of the original Constitution (Articles I-VII), the Bill of Rights (Amendments I-X), and the remaining two articles of amendment that preceded the *War of Northern Aggression*², (Amendments XI and XII).

During the Reconstruction Period (1865-1867) that followed the aforementioned War, the U.S. Federal Government began the development of what has become a deceptively altered version of the organic Constitution—to be explained forthwith—accompanied by a *new* form of government that was theretofore foreign and repulsive to American jurisprudence. This new form of government is called *democracy*.³

The authors and main proponents of the original U.S. Constitution made it irrefutably clear that the central government, when delegating for the several states, was to act as a Constitutional Republic, as opposed to a Democracy⁴. Proof of this can be found in

¹ See Declaration of Independence—1776

² Author's Note: The *War of Northern Aggression* (1861-1865) is also commonly referred to as the *War Between the States* and the *American Civil War*.

³ Author's Note: After having been unjustly persecuted and over-taxed by the British Crown in colonial America, the former colonists—who would later become the peoples of the several states of America by and through the Declaration of Independence (1776) and the associated American War for Independence/Revolutionary War (1775-1783)—were opposed to a democratic central government because they knew it would inevitably lead to an over-sized central government capable of over-taxation and unjust persecution.

⁴ Author's Note: A Constitutional Republic is a form of government in which individual rights are heralded as paramount to the functions and purposes of government, and recognizes that said rights must be upheld in accordance with the respective social compact (i.e. constitution) irrespective of the opinions and desires of the majority. In other words, the majority does not rule and it cannot infringe

the Federalist Papers⁵, which were penned by John Jay, Alexander Hamilton, and James Madison to convince the people of the American Republics to charter the Constitution that would later create a common *republican*⁶ government amongst them, to govern their common interests, which mainly pertained to foreign affairs and other matters that fell without the sovereignty of any one particular state.

CONSTITUTIONAL GRANTS OF TAXATION AUTHORITY

The constitutional grant of authority for the Federal Government to tax the peoples of the American Republics is found in Article I, Section 8, Clause 1, which reads:

“The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts, and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States”.⁷

There is also a second constitutional grant of authority for taxation, which is found in Article of Amendment 16; also known as the 16th Amendment, which reads as follows:

upon individual rights at will. In contradistinction, a Democracy is a form of government in which the majority *does* rule, which means that irrespective of an individual’s unalienable human rights, should the majority of the voting members of a society decide someone should be over-taxed, persecuted, or even killed—for any reason—then this would be legally acceptable in a democratic society, notwithstanding said individual’s claim to any species of rights.

⁵ “The first question that offers itself is, whether the general form and aspect of the [Union’s] government be strictly republican. It is evident that no other form would be reconcilable with the genius of the people of America; with the fundamental principles of the [American] Revolution; or with that honorable determination which animates every votary of freedom, to rest all our political experiments on the capacity of mankind for self-government. If the plan of the convention, therefore, be found to depart from the republican character, its advocates must abandon it as no longer defensible.” Federalist Paper No. 39, *The Conformity of the Plan to Republican Principles*, by James Madison (1788).

⁶ See 4 U.S.C. § 4 : “I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one Nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.”

⁷ Author’s Note: Article I, Section 9, Clause 4 places additional limitations on the taxation authority of Congress, as it pertains to the peoples of the several states; it reads: “*No Capitation, or other direct, Tax shall be laid, unless in Proportion to the Census or Enumeration herein before directed to be taken.*”

“The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the several States, and without regard to any census or enumeration.”

However, the 16th Amendment was not intended to apply to the peoples of the American Republics, also known as state citizens, or citizens of one of the United States; it was intended to apply to *citizens of the United States*. Being a citizen of the United States *versus* a citizen of one of the United States presents a dispositional paradox of legal statuses, as state citizenship and federal citizenship are—under the organic federal Constitution—mutually exclusive concepts. Federal income taxes *inherently* apply to federal citizens and other federal persons. This concept is revisited on page 12.

“CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES” DEFINED

Prior to the ratification and addition of the 14th Article of Amendment to the U.S. Constitution, there was no *legal* definition of the term “citizen of the United States”⁸⁹; whereas United States citizenship theretofore implied citizenship in one of the several state republics of the organic American Union, prior to the manipulation of the organic Constitution. In other words, when the term “Citizen of the United States” appears in the organic Constitution, (prior to the 14th Amendment), it is an *informal*

⁸ “The first section of the fourteenth article, to which our attention is more specially invited, opens with a definition of citizenship—not only citizenship of the United States, but citizenship of the States. No such definition was previously found in the Constitution, nor had any attempt been made to define it by act of Congress.” U.S. Supreme Court Case: Slaughter-House Cases, 16 Wallace, 36. (1872).

⁹ “By the original [organic] Constitution, citizenship in the United States was a consequence of citizenship in a state. By this clause [found in U.S. Constitution, Article XIV, Section 1] this order of things is reversed. Citizenship in the United States is defined; it is made independent of citizenship in a state, and citizenship in a state is a result of citizenship in the United States. So that a person born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to its jurisdiction, is, without reference to state constitutions or laws, entitled to all the privileges and immunities secured by the Constitution of the United States to citizens thereof.” U.S. Supreme Court Case: U.S. v. Hall, (1871) 3 Chicago Leg. N. 260, 26 Fed. Cas. No. 15,282.

term simply being used to denote citizenship in one of the states that forms part of the United States of America union.¹⁰

EXAMINATION OF THE TERM "UNITED STATES"

The U.S. Supreme Court has already established that: "The term 'United States' may be used in any one of several senses. [1] It may be merely the name of a sovereign occupying the position analogous to that of other sovereigns in the family of nations. [2] It may designate the territory over which the sovereignty of the United States extends, or [3] it may be the collective name of the states which are united by and under the Constitution." Hooven & Allison Co. v. Evatt, 324 U.S. 652 (1945). Per the U.S. Supreme Court's very words, the term "United States" has *multiple* legal definitions, one of which specifically references the Federal Government **exclusive** of the several states by and for whom it was created.

FEDERAL CITIZENSHIP EXPLAINED

Under the provisions of the 14th amendment, the then-U.S. Congress created a "second class" of citizenship¹¹, that was to come under the direct and *unrestricted* jurisdiction of the U.S. Federal Government, irrespective of its members' choice of *residence*¹² (within or without a state of the Union). The term "United States" as used in the 14th Amendment is referring to the U.S. Federal Government operating in the capacity of an absolute sovereign, under the authority granted it by Article I, Section 8, Clause 17, which empowers the U.S. Congress:

"To Exercise exclusive Legislation in all Cases whatsoever, over such District (not exceeding ten Miles square) as may, by Cession of particular States, and the Acceptance of Congress, become the Seat of Government of the United States. [...]"

¹⁰ "Prior to the adoption of this [fourteenth] amendment, strictly speaking, there were no citizens of the United States, but only of some one of them. Congress had the power 'to establish an uniform rule of naturalization,' but not the power to make a naturalized alien a citizen of any state." U.S. Supreme Court Case: Sharon v. Hill, (1885) 26 Fed. 343.

¹¹ "We have in our political system a Government of the United States and a government of each of the several states. Each is distinct from the other and each has citizens of its own." U.S. Supreme Court Case: Slaughter-House Cases, 16 Wallace, 36. (1872).

¹² "The term resident and citizen of the United States is distinguished from a Citizen of one of the several states, in that the former is a special class of citizen created by Congress." U.S. Supreme Court Case: U.S. v. Anthony, 24 Fed. 829 (1873).

FEDERAL INCOME TAXES APPLY TO FEDERAL CITIZENS¹³

From the 14th Amendment (and onward), having been given a *legal* definition by the same, when used in the U.S. Constitution, the term “citizen of the United States” *specifically* refers to the second class of citizenship created thereby.¹⁴ But due to deception on the part of the U.S. Federal Government and ignorance on the part of the American People, the latter, by general consensus, now accepts the unconstitutional application of said amendment upon itself.

As a result, the general population is now regarded and treated as a federal citizenry; and state citizens, within the meaning of the original Constitution, do not presently exist. Amendments to the Federal Constitution following the 14th have been directed at *citizens of the United States*. The 14th Amendment marked the beginning of the end of the constitutional U.S. Republic and the beginning of what has, overtime, through neglect of civic duty, become an unconstitutional U.S. Democracy.

In revisiting the 16th Article of Amendment, it now becomes apparent that it does not *inherently* apply to citizens of one of the United States (e.g. constitutionally-recognized state citizens); as it neither repealed nor superseded¹⁵ the organic Constitution’s limitations on congressional taxation authority.¹⁶

¹³ Author’s Note: In addition to federal citizens, U.S. federal income tax obligations apply to other U.S. federal persons, such as, but not limited to: U.S. (federal) employees, nationals, residents, corporations, trusts, immigrants, aliens, etc.

¹⁴ “The expression, Citizen of a State, is carefully omitted here. In Article IV, Section 2, Clause 1, of the Constitution of the United States, it had been already provided that ‘the Citizens of each State shall be entitled to all Privileges and Immunities of Citizens in the several States.’ The rights of Citizens of the States [1] (under Article IV, Section 2, Clause 1) and of citizens of the United States (under The Fourteenth Amendment) are each guarded by these different provisions. That these rights are separate and distinct, was held in the Slaughterhouse Cases, recently decided by the Supreme court. The rights of Citizens of the State, as such, are not under consideration in the Fourteenth Amendment. They stand as they did before the adoption of the Fourteenth Amendment, and are fully guaranteed by other provisions. [2]” United States v. Anthony: 24 Fed. Cas. 829, 830 (Case No. 14,459) (1873).

¹⁵ Author’s Note: If and when a given article or amendment of the U.S. federal Constitution is superseded or repealed, the U.S. Congress will so declare it. Such is the case with the 18th Amendment; it was *explicitly* repealed by the 21st.

¹⁶ “The Sixteenth Amendment must be construed in connection with the taxing clauses of the original Constitution and the effect attributed to them before the amendment was adopted.” U.S. Supreme Court Case: Eisner v. Macomber, 252 U.S. 189 (1920).

CONCLUSION: FREEDOM IS NOT FREE

The two constitutional grants of taxation authority (Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 and the 16th Amendment)—one being for state citizens of the original American Republics by and through their respective state government, and the other being for federal citizens—; remain concurrent yet mutually exclusive, as the latter unconstitutionally profits from the ignorance of the American peoples, whilst the former patiently and *faithfully* awaits the reemergence of responsible, self-educated American men and women, capable of intellectually asserting and defending the SACRED Rights bequeathed unto them, through the blood and courage of their predecessors.

"IF A NATION EXPECTS TO BE IGNORANT AND FREE, IN A STATE OF CIVILIZATION, IT EXPECTS WHAT NEVER WAS AND NEVER WILL BE. IF WE ARE TO GUARD AGAINST IGNORANCE AND REMAIN FREE, IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF EVERY AMERICAN TO BE INFORMED."

(-THOMAS JEFFERSON)

May God Bless America and the millions of Her noble sons and daughters who have courageously fought and died to defend Her. All gave some, some gave all. Let not it be in vain.

WHY MOST AMERICANS DO NOT INHERENTLY OWE FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

Sophisticated Language™ Publishing Co.

Words More Powerful Than Warfare™

6901-A N. 9th Ave. #429

Pensacola, Florida

United States of America

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[Attached: Appendices A (5 pages) & B (4 pages) as referenced in the Dedication on pg. 4]

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APPENDIX A

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA
(ATLANTA DIVISION)**

Jason Joseph Clark,
Tamah Jada Clark (both on their own
behalf and that of "Baby" Clark),

Plaintiffs

v.

DANIEL J. PORTER, et al.,

Defendants

1:14-cv-02128-WBH

Civil Action No. _____

NOTICE

**Plaintiffs' Notice to the Court Regarding the Denial of Access to U.S. Courts and
the Resulting Necessity to Seek Remedy Abroad**

The Court and its officers utilize an electronic filing system to which Plaintiffs are not allowed access, making it an impossibility for the Plaintiffs to avail themselves of the entirety of court filings in the present action. For instance, Plaintiffs have not received any communications at all whatsoever from the Court since the return of a file-stamped copy of the Original Complaint [Amended 7/15/14] in July 2014. The Court has been completely unresponsive—from the perspective of the Plaintiffs—and has neither responded to any Motions, nor issued any Orders or other communications.

Furthermore, Rule 4(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure states: *"If the summons is properly completed, the clerk must sign, seal, and issue it to the plaintiff for service on the defendant"*. In October 2014, Plaintiffs submitted proper summons to the Clerk, to be issued for the defendants who have yet to appear in the present action; but, the Clerk has failed to sign, seal, and return those summons, making it an impossibility for Plaintiffs to pursue the present matter against said defendants. As of October 2014, the United States is officially denying Plaintiffs access to its courts.

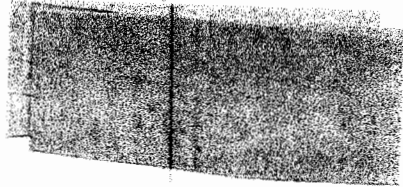
Because of its refusal to adhere to the principles of Justice, the Court has created the need for Plaintiffs to begin seeking remedy abroad, presently through the United Nations General Assembly and United Nations Security Council. (See Exhibit 1). In addition, Plaintiffs intend to bring legal suit and arbitration against the United States Federal Government (and some of its agencies individually), for the actions and inactions of its officers whom now indisputably have knowledge of this matter, but have consciously chosen to obstruct Justice. At this time, Plaintiffs would simply like to extend a special "thanks" to the Court for its [pretended] assistance that has afforded the present opportunities abroad.

For the **UNREPRESENTED** Plaintiffs,

(Signed Monday, December 15, 2014).

Tamah Jada Clark

Mrs. Tamah Jada Clark
6901-A N. 9th Ave #429
Pensacola Florida [32504]



**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA
(ATLANTA DIVISION)**

Jason Joseph Clark,
Tamah Jada Clark (both on their own
behalf and that of "Baby" Clark),

Plaintiffs

v.

DANIEL J. PORTER, et al.,

Defendants

1:14-cv-02128-WBH

Civil Action No. _____

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

FOR

**Plaintiffs' Notice to the Court Regarding the Denial of Access to U.S. Courts and
the Resulting Necessity to Seek Remedy Abroad**

I, Mrs. Tamah Jada Clark for the UNREPRESENTED Plaintiffs, hereby affirm
that a true and correct copy of the above-mentioned **Plaintiffs' Notice to the
Court** has been served on Attorney Douglas Suart Morelli for defendants Gwinnett
County, Gwinnett County Police Department, Charles M. Walters, Butch Conway,
Tracy Goodbar, and Jane Doe #1 (Christa Kendrick); Attorney Deborah Nolan
Gore (for defendants Daniel Porter, Governor Nathan Deal, Judge Thomas Davis

Jr., Attorney General Sam Olens, Secretary of State Brian Kemp, Commissioner Brian Owens, Warden Stanley Williams, D'Anna Liber, Brian Bellamy, Georgia Department of Corrections, and the State of Georgia); as well Attorney Raleigh W. Rollins (for defendants Mitchell County and Camilla Police Department) at their last known addresses (respectively):

Attorney Douglas Stuart Morelli
75 Langley Drive
Lawrenceville, GA 30046
7011 1570 0001 1520 4450

Attorney Deborah Nolan Gore
40 Capitol Square, SW
Atlanta, Ga 30334-1300
7011 1570 0001 1520 4467

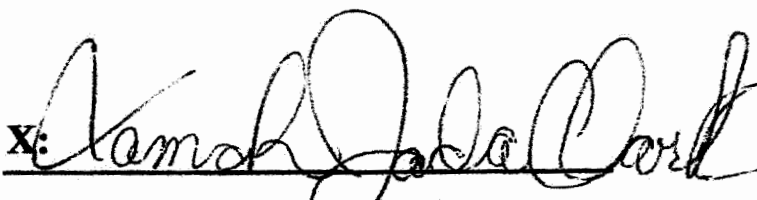
-AND-

Attorney Raleigh W. Rollins
Alexander & Vann, LLP
411 Gordon Avenue
Thomasville, GA 31792
7011 1570 0001 1520 4474

For the **UNREPRESENTED** Plaintiffs,

Mrs. Tamah Jada Clark

Pensacola, Fla [32504]

X: 
Signed Monday, December 15, 2014

APPENDIX B

JS44 (Rev. 1/13 NDGA)

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket record. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ATTACHED)

I. (a) PLAINTIFF(S)

Jason Joseph Clark & Tamah Jada Clark (on their own behalf and that of "Baby Clark")

UNREPRESENTED

(b) COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED

PLAINTIFF NA

(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

DEFENDANT(S)

DANIEL J. PORTER, NATHAN DEAL, THOMAS DAVIS JR., SAM OLENS, BRIAN OWENS, STANLEY WILLIAMS, D'ANNA K. LIBER, CHARLES M. WALTERS, BUTCH CONWAY, TRACY GOODBAR, JANE DOE, GADOC, GWINNETT COUNTY, STATE OF GEORGIA, ET. AL

COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OF FIRST LISTED

DEFENDANT Gwinnett

(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)

NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED

(c) ATTORNEYS (FIRM NAME, ADDRESS, TELEPHONE NUMBER, AND E-MAIL ADDRESS)

Tamah Jada Clark
6901-A N. 9th Ave #429
Pensacola Florida

ATTORNEYS (IF KNOWN)

Unknown

II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION

(PLACE AN "X" IN ONE BOX ONLY)

- | | |
|--|---|
| ☐ 1 U.S. GOVERNMENT PLAINTIFF | ☐ 3 FEDERAL QUESTION (U.S. GOVERNMENT NOT A PARTY) |
| ☐ 2 U.S. GOVERNMENT DEFENDANT | ☒ 4 DIVERSITY (INDICATE CITIZENSHIP OF PARTIES IN ITEM III) |

III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES

(PLACE AN "X" IN ONE BOX FOR PLAINTIFF AND ONE BOX FOR DEFENDANT)
(FOR DIVERSITY CASES ONLY)

- | PLF | DEF | PLF | DEF |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| ☐ 1 | ☒ 1 | ☐ 4 | ☐ 4 |
| | | | INCORPORATED OR PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THIS STATE |
| ☐ 2 | ☐ 2 | ☐ 5 | ☐ 5 |
| | | | INCORPORATED AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN ANOTHER STATE |
| ☒ 3 | ☐ 3 | ☐ 6 | ☐ 6 |
| | | | FOREIGN NATION |

IV. ORIGIN (PLACE AN "X" IN ONE BOX ONLY)

- | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| ☒ 1 ORIGINAL PROCEEDING | ☐ 2 REMOVED FROM STATE COURT | ☐ 3 REMANDED FROM APPELLATE COURT | ☐ 4 REINSTATED OR REOPENED | ☐ 5 TRANSFERRED FROM ANOTHER DISTRICT (Specify District) | ☐ 6 MULTIDISTRICT LITIGATION | ☐ 7 APPEAL TO DISTRICT JUDGE FROM MAGISTRATE JUDGE JUDGMENT |
|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|

V. CAUSE OF ACTION

(CITE THE U.S. CIVIL STATUTE UNDER WHICH YOU ARE FILING AND WRITE A BRIEF STATEMENT OF CAUSE - DO NOT CITE JURISDICTIONAL STATUTES UNLESS DIVERSITY)

28 U.S.C. 1350- Alien civil tort action for violation of law of nations and treaty of the United States;
28 U.S.C. 1331-Civil action arising under the Constitution and laws of the United States; 28 U.S.C. 1332(a)(2)-Diversity: Controversy between citizens of a State and nonresident citizens or subjects of a foreign state.

(IF COMPLEX, CHECK REASON BELOW)

- | | |
|--|---|
| ☒ 1. Unusually large number of parties. | ☐ 6. Problems locating or preserving evidence |
| ☒ 2. Unusually large number of claims or defenses. | ☐ 7. Pending parallel investigations or actions by government. |
| ☒ 3. Factual issues are exceptionally complex | ☐ 8. Multiple use of experts. |
| ☐ 4. Greater than normal volume of evidence. | ☐ 9. Need for discovery outside United States boundaries. |
| ☐ 5. Extended discovery period is needed. | ☐ 10. Existence of highly technical issues and proof. |

CONTINUED ON REVERSE

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY			
RECEIPT # _____	AMOUNT \$ _____	APPLYING IFP _____	MAG. JUDGE (IF) _____
JUDGE _____	MAG. JUDGE _____ (Referral)	NATURE OF SUIT _____	CAUSE OF ACTION _____

Pg. 1 of 4

VI. NATURE OF SUIT (PLACE AN "X" IN ONE BOX ONLY)**CONTRACT - "0" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK**

- ☐ 150 RECOVERY OF OVERPAYMENT & ENFORCEMENT OF JUDGMENT
- ☐ 152 RECOVERY OF DEFAULTED STUDENT LOANS (Excl. Veterans)
- ☐ 153 RECOVERY OF OVERPAYMENT OF VETERAN'S BENEFITS

CONTRACT - "4" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- ☐ 110 INSURANCE
- ☐ 120 MARINE
- ☐ 130 MILLER ACT
- ☐ 140 NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENT
- ☐ 151 MEDICARE ACT
- ☐ 160 STOCKHOLDERS' SUITS
- ☐ 190 OTHER CONTRACT
- ☐ 195 CONTRACT PRODUCT LIABILITY
- ☐ 196 FRANCHISE

REAL PROPERTY - "4" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- ☐ 210 LAND CONDEMNATION
- ☐ 220 FORECLOSURE
- ☐ 230 RENT LEASE & EJECTMENT
- ☐ 240 TORTS TO LAND
- ☐ 245 TORT PRODUCT LIABILITY
- ☐ 290 ALL OTHER REAL PROPERTY

TORTS - PERSONAL INJURY - "4" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- ☐ 310 AIRPLANE
- ☐ 315 AIRPLANE PRODUCT LIABILITY
- ☐ 320 ASSAULT, LIBEL & SLANDER
- ☐ 330 FEDERAL EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY
- ☐ 340 MARINE
- ☐ 345 MARINE PRODUCT LIABILITY
- ☐ 350 MOTOR VEHICLE
- ☐ 355 MOTOR VEHICLE PRODUCT LIABILITY
- ☐ 360 OTHER PERSONAL INJURY
- ☐ 362 PERSONAL INJURY - MEDICAL MALPRACTICE
- ☐ 365 PERSONAL INJURY - PRODUCT LIABILITY
- ☐ 367 PERSONAL INJURY - HEALTH CARE/ PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCT LIABILITY
- ☐ 368 ASBESTOS PERSONAL INJURY PRODUCT LIABILITY

TORTS - PERSONAL PROPERTY - "4" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- ☐ 370 OTHER FRAUD
- ☐ 371 TRUTH IN LENDING
- ☐ 380 OTHER PERSONAL PROPERTY DAMAGE
- ☐ 385 PROPERTY DAMAGE/PRODUCT LIABILITY

BANKRUPTCY - "0" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- ☐ 422 APPEAL 28 USC 158
- ☐ 423 WITHDRAWAL 28 USC 157

CIVIL RIGHTS - "4" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- ☐ 441 VOTING
- ☐ 442 EMPLOYMENT
- ☐ 443 HOUSING/ ACCOMMODATIONS
- ☐ 444 WELFARE
- ☐ 440 OTHER CIVIL RIGHTS
- ☐ 445 AMERICANS with DISABILITIES - Employment
- ☐ 446 AMERICANS with DISABILITIES - Other
- ☐ 448 EDUCATION

IMMIGRATION - "0" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- ☐ 462 NATURALIZATION APPLICATION
- ☐ 465 OTHER IMMIGRATION ACTIONS

PRISONER PETITIONS - "0" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- ☐ 463 HABEAS CORPUS- Alien Detainee
- ☐ 510 MOTIONS TO VACATE SENTENCE
- ☐ 530 HABEAS CORPUS
- ☐ 535 HABEAS CORPUS DEATH PENALTY
- ☐ 540 MANDAMUS & OTHER
- ☐ 550 CIVIL RIGHTS - Filed Pro se
- ☐ 555 PRISON CONDITION(S) - Filed Pro se
- ☐ 560 CIVIL DETAINEE: CONDITIONS OF CONFINEMENT

PRISONER PETITIONS - "4" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- ☐ 550 CIVIL RIGHTS - Filed by Counsel
- ☐ 555 PRISON CONDITION(S) - Filed by Counsel

FORFEITURE/PENALTY - "4" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- ☐ 625 DRUG RELATED SEIZURE OF PROPERTY 21 USC 881
- ☐ 690 OTHER

LABOR - "4" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- ☐ 710 FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT
- ☐ 720 LABOR/MGMT. RELATIONS
- ☐ 740 RAILWAY LABOR ACT
- ☐ 751 FAMILY and MEDICAL LEAVE ACT
- ☐ 790 OTHER LABOR LITIGATION
- ☐ 791 EMPL. RET. INC. SECURITY ACT

PROPERTY RIGHTS - "4" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- ☐ 820 COPYRIGHTS
- ☐ 840 TRADEMARK

PROPERTY RIGHTS - "8" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- ☐ 830 PATENT

SOCIAL SECURITY - "0" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- ☐ 861 HIA (1395f)
- ☐ 862 BLACK LUNG (923)
- ☐ 863 DIWC (405(g))
- ☐ 863 DIWW (405(g))
- ☐ 864 SSD TITLE XVI
- ☐ 865 RSI (405(g))

FEDERAL TAX SUITS - "4" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- ☐ 870 TAXES (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant)
- ☐ 871 IRS - THIRD PARTY 26 USC 7609

OTHER STATUTES - "4" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- ☐ 375 FALSE CLAIMS ACT
- ☐ 400 STATE REAPPORTIONMENT
- ☐ 430 BANKS AND BANKING
- ☐ 450 COMMERCE/TCC RATES/ETC.
- ☐ 460 DEPORTATION
- ☐ 470 RACKETEER INFLUENCED AND CORRUPT ORGANIZATIONS
- ☐ 480 CONSUMER CREDIT
- ☐ 490 CABLE/SATELLITE TV
- ☐ 891 AGRICULTURAL ACTS
- ☐ 893 ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS
- ☐ 895 FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT
- ☐ 950 CONSTITUTIONALITY OF STATE STATUTES
- ☐ 890 OTHER STATUTORY ACTIONS
- ☐ 899 ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES ACT / REVIEW OR APPEAL OF AGENCY DECISION

OTHER STATUTES - "8" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- ☐ 410 ANTI-TRUST
- ☐ 850 SECURITIES / COMMODITIES / EXCHANGE

OTHER STATUTES - "0" MONTHS DISCOVERY TRACK

- ☐ 896 ARBITRATION (Confirm / Vacate / Order / Modify)

*** PLEASE NOTE DISCOVERY TRACK FOR EACH CASE TYPE. SEE LOCAL RULE 26.3**

VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:

☐ CHECK IF CLASS ACTION UNDER F.R.Cv.P. 23 DEMAND \$ _____

JURY DEMAND ☐ YES ☒ NO (CHECK YES ONLY IF DEMANDED IN COMPLAINT)

VIII. RELATED/REFILED CASE(S) IF ANY

JUDGE N/A

DOCKET NO. N/A

CIVIL CASES ARE DEEMED RELATED IF THE PENDING CASE INVOLVES: (CHECK APPROPRIATE BOX)

- ☐ 1. PROPERTY INCLUDED IN AN EARLIER NUMBERED PENDING SUIT.
- ☐ 2. SAME ISSUE OF FACT OR ARISES OUT OF THE SAME EVENT OR TRANSACTION INCLUDED IN AN EARLIER NUMBERED PENDING SUIT.
- ☐ 3. VALIDITY OR INFRINGEMENT OF THE SAME PATENT, COPYRIGHT OR TRADEMARK INCLUDED IN AN EARLIER NUMBERED PENDING SUIT.
- ☐ 4. APPEALS ARISING OUT OF THE SAME BANKRUPTCY CASE AND ANY CASE RELATED THERETO WHICH HAVE BEEN DECIDED BY THE SAME BANKRUPTCY JUDGE.
- ☐ 5. REPETITIVE CASES FILED BY PRO SE LITIGANTS.
- ☐ 6. COMPANION OR RELATED CASE TO CASE(S) BEING SIMULTANEOUSLY FILED (INCLUDE ABBREVIATED STYLE OF OTHER CASE(S)):

- ☐ 7. EITHER SAME OR ALL OF THE PARTIES AND ISSUES IN THIS CASE WERE PREVIOUSLY INVOLVED IN CASE NO. _____, WHICH WAS DISMISSED. This case ☐ IS ☐ IS NOT (check one box) SUBSTANTIALLY THE SAME CASE.

SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD

Tuesday, July 15, 2014

DATE

pg. 2 of 4

FILED IN CLERK'S OFFICE
U.S.D.C. Atlanta

JUL 17 2014

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA
(ATLANTA DIVISION)

JAMES N. HATTEN, Clerk
By:  Deputy Clerk

Jason Joseph Clark,
Tamah Jada Clark (both on their
own behalf and that of "Baby Clark"),

Plaintiffs

v.

Civil Action No. _____

DANIEL J. PORTER, NATHAN DEAL,
THOMAS DAVIS JR., SAM OLENS,
DAVID CAVENDAR, BRIAN OWENS,
STANLEY WILLIAMS, D'ANNA K.
LIBER, CHARLES M. WALTERS,
BUTCH CONWAY, TRACY GOODBAR,
JANE DOE #1, PATRICIA GRAY, BRIAN
BELLAMY, RONALD SPENCE, JANE
DOE #2, JOHN DOE, BRIAN KEMP
(all in personal and official capacities);
and GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF
CORRECTIONS, GWINNETT COUNTY,
GWINNETT COUNTY POLICE
DEPARTMENT, PELHAM POLICE
DEPARTMENT, CAMILA POLICE
DEPARTMENT, MITCHELL COUNTY,
STATE OF GEORGIA,

Defendants

ORIGINAL COMPLAINT [Amended 7/15/14]

**ALIENS' (CIVIL) TORT ACTION FOR VIOLATION OF LAW OF NATIONS & TREATY
OF THE UNITED STATES [28 U.S.C. § 1350]; AND CIVIL ACTION ARISING UNDER
U.S. CONSTITUTION & LAWS [28 U.S.C. § 1331]:**

COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF AND MONETARY COMPENSATION

"The fact is that the average man's love of liberty is nine-tenths imaginary, exactly like his love of sense, justice and truth. He is not actually happy when free; he is uncomfortable, a bit alarmed, and intolerably lonely. Liberty is not a thing for the great masses of men. It is the exclusive possession of a small and disreputable minority, like knowledge, courage and honor. It takes a special sort of man to understand and enjoy liberty — and he is usually an outlaw in democratic societies." —(Henry Louis Mencken)

Note: All references to case law and statutes posterior to the ratification of the 14th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution are for referential purposes only, to facilitate the communication of the message and principals contained herein; and are under no circumstances to be construed in any manner that would impose presumed obligations upon Plaintiffs or inhibit their natural and unalienable rights, as that is not the intent or purpose of their usage.¹

¹ "Construing Pleadings. Pleadings must be construed so as to do justice." Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 8 (e).

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